



Diocese of Norwich
St Benet's
Multi Academy Trust

[Academy Name]

Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy

Policy Type:	Trust Core Policy
Approved By:	St. Benet's Trust Board
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Person Responsible:	DNEAT Operations Manager

Roles and Accountabilities

The Diocese of Norwich St. Benet's Multi Academy Trust (the "Trust") is accountable for all policies across its Academies. All policies, whether relating to an individual academy or the whole Trust, will be written and implemented in line with our ethos and values as articulated in our prospectus. We are committed to the provision of high quality education in the context of the Christian values of responsibility, respect and dignity where individuals are valued, aspirations are high, hope is nurtured and talents released.

A Scheme of Delegation for each academy sets out the responsibilities of the Local Governing Body and Principal / Head Teacher. The Principal / Head Teacher of each academy is responsible for the implementation of all policies of the Academy Trust.

All employees of the Academy Trust are subject to the Trust's policies.

Background

This 'Preventing Radicalisation Policy' is part of our commitment to keeping children safe. Since the 'Education and Inspections Act 2006' schools and academies have a duty to promote community cohesion. Over the last few years, global events have led to a growth of extremist viewpoints, including advocacy of violent extremism.

Academies and schools have an important part to play in both educating children and young people about extremism and recognising when pupils start to become radicalised. In March 2015, new statutory duties were placed on academies and schools by the Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015) which means they must work to prevent children being drawn into extremism.

Safeguarding children from all risks of harm is an important part of an academy's work and protecting them from extremism is one aspect of that.

Ethos

At [insert name of academy] we ensure that through our vision, values, rules, diverse curriculum and teaching we promote tolerance and respect for all cultures, faiths and lifestyles. The Trust Board and local governing body also ensures that this ethos is reflected and implemented effectively in the academy policy and practice and that there are effective risk assessments in place to safeguard and promote pupils' welfare.

We have a duty to prepare our children for life in modern Britain and to keep them safe.

Pupils who attend our academy have the right to learn in safety. We do not tolerate bullying of any kind and will challenge derogatory language and behaviour towards others.

Statutory Duties

The duty to prevent children and young people being radicalised is set out in the following documents.

- Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (2016)
- Prevent Duty Guidance (2015)
- Working Together to Safeguard Children (2015) Copyright 2017

Non-statutory Guidance

- Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in schools: Departmental advice for maintained schools (DfE 2014)
- Improving the spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development of pupils: supplementary information (DfE 2014)

Related Policies

- E-Safety and ICT acceptable use Policy
- Behaviour for Learning Policy
- Safeguarding Policy 2017
- Equality Policy
- Lettings' Policy
- Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) Policy
- Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural (SMSC) Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Teaching and Learning Policy
- Values for Education Policy
- Visitors Policy
- Whistle-blowing Policy

Definitions

Extremism is defined in the 2011 Prevent strategy as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas.

Radicalisation refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

British Values are democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

Roles and Responsibilities

Role of the Local Governing Body

It is the role of the Trust Board and the academy local governing body to ensure that the academy meets its statutory duties with regard to preventing radicalisation.

The local governing body has a nominated person who will liaise with the Headteacher and other staff about issues to do with protecting children from radicalisation. (see Appendix 1 Prevent Risk Assessment and Action Plan Template)

Role of the Headteacher

It is the role of the Headteacher to:

- ensure that the academy and its staff respond to preventing radicalisation on a day to-day basis,
- ensure that the academy's curriculum addresses the issues involved in radicalisation
- ensure that staff conduct is consistent with preventing radicalisation

Role of Designated Safeguarding Lead

It is the role of the designated safeguarding lead to:

- ensure that staff understand the issues of radicalisation and are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns
- receive safeguarding concerns about children and young people who may be vulnerable to the risk of radicalisation or are showing signs of radicalisation
- make referrals to appropriate agencies with regard to concerns about radicalisation

- liaise with partners, including St. Benet's MAT and the police
- report to the local governing body on these matters

Role of staff

It is the role of staff to understand the issues of radicalisation, are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns.

Curriculum

We are committed to ensuring that our pupils are offered a broad and balanced curriculum that aims to prepare them for life in modern Britain. We encourage our pupils to be inquisitive learners who are open to new experiences and are tolerant of others.

The academy's curriculum prevents pupils from becoming radicalised in the following ways:

[insert examples including reference to SMSC, resilience, community cohesion and how each subject area makes a contribution]

These values support the development of the whole child as a reflective learner within a calm, caring, happy and purposeful atmosphere. Teaching the academy's and St. Benet's MAT's core values, alongside the fundamental British Values, supports quality teaching and learning, whilst making a positive contribution to the development of a fair, just and civil society.

Internet Safety

The internet provides children and young people with access to a wide-range of content, some of which is harmful. Extremists use the internet, including social media, to share their messages. The filtering systems used in our academy blocks inappropriate content, including extremist content.

We also filter out social media, such as Facebook. Searches and web addresses are monitored and the ICT technicians will alert senior staff where there are concerns and prevent further access when new sites that are unblocked are found.

Where staff, students or visitors find unblocked extremist content they must report it to a senior member of staff.

We are aware that children and young people have access to unfiltered internet when using their mobile phones and staff are alert to the need for vigilance when pupils are using their phones.

The e-Safety and ICT Acceptable Use Policy refers to preventing radicalisation and related extremist content. Pupils and staff are asked to sign this policy annually to confirm they have understood what is acceptable.

Pupils and staff know how to report internet content that is inappropriate or of concern.

Staff Training

Staff will be given training to help them understand the issues of radicalisation, are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns.

This information also forms part of induction safeguarding training. Staff are updated as necessary in weekly safeguarding briefings.

Safer Recruitment

We ensure that the staff we appoint to the academy are suitable, our recruitment procedures are rigorous and we follow the statutory guidance published in part 3 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (2016). Vetting and barring checks are undertaken on relevant people, including governors and volunteers.

Visitors

Visitors to the academy are made aware of our safeguarding and child protection policies on arrival at the academy and are given information about what to do if they are concerned about any aspect of child welfare.

Visitors who are invited to speak to pupils will be informed about our preventing extremism policy and relevant vetting checks are undertaken. We undertake due diligence to ensure that visiting speakers are appropriate. Speakers will be supervised at all times and will not be allowed to speak to children without a member of staff being present.

Staff must not invite speakers into the academy without first obtaining permission from the Headteacher.

'No platform for extremists'

The academy is vigilant to the possibility that out-of-hours hire of the academy premises may be requested by people wishing to run an extremist event. The academy does not accept bookings from individuals or organisations that are extremist in their views and will seek advice from St. Benet's MAT in the event of any concerns with contact from such external bodies.

Signs of vulnerability

There are no known definitive indicators that a young person is vulnerable to radicalisation, but there are number of signs that together increase the risk. Signs of vulnerability include:

- underachievement
- being in possession of extremist literature
- poverty
- social exclusion
- traumatic events
- global or national events
- religious conversion
- change in behaviour
- extremist influences
- conflict with family over lifestyle
- confused identify
- victim or witness to race or hate crimes
- rejection by peers, family, social groups or faith

Recognising Extremism

Early indicators of radicalisation or extremism may include:

- showing sympathy for extremist causes
- glorifying violence, especially to other faiths or cultures
- making remarks or comments about being at extremist events or rallies outside the academy
- evidence of possessing illegal or extremist literature
- advocating messages similar to illegal organisations or other extremist groups
- out of character changes in dress, behaviour and peer relationships (but there are also very powerful narratives, programmes and networks that young people can come across online so involvement with particular groups may not be apparent.)

- secretive behaviour
- online searches or sharing extremist messages or social profiles
- intolerance of difference, including faith, culture, gender, race or sexuality
- graffiti, art work or writing that displays extremist themes
- attempts to impose extremist views or practices on others
- verbalising anti-Western or anti-British views
- advocating violence towards others

Referral Process

Staff and visitors to the academy must refer all concerns about children and young people who show signs of vulnerability or radicalisation must be passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead using the usual methods for reporting other safeguarding concerns.

When there are significant concerns about a pupil, the Designated Safeguarding Lead in liaison with the Headteacher will make a referral to the appropriate body.

Monitoring and Review

This policy will be monitored by the local governing body at least annually by receiving a report from the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

This is not a statutory policy and will be reviewed at an appropriate time not later than two years after ratification by the local governing body.

Signed (Headteacher)

Signed (Chair of Governors)

Date

Appendix 1

Schools

Outcome	Risk/Vulnerability	Action to address risk	Owner	Evidence of progress	RAG*
Leadership					
The organisation takes ownership of extremism and radicalisation concerns and appropriate oversight of the Prevent agenda is provided	There is a lack of clarity within the organisation regarding a systemic approach to respond to the Prevent duty	The organisation has an identified single point of contact in relation to Prevent			
		Senior leadership team (SLT) and Governors have an understanding, shared with partners, of the potential risk in the local area to assess the risk of pupils being drawn into terrorism, including support for the extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology?			
		There is active engagement from the institution's Governors, SLT, managers and leaders.			
		Prevent is included within the institution's safeguarding policy.			
		Prevent is included within the institution's related policies (e.g. safer recruitment/venue hiring/visitors /contractors).			
		Principles of the Prevent duty are included in new contracts for the delivery of services			

Outcome	Risk/Vulnerability	Action to address risk	Owner	Evidence of progress	RAG
Partnership					
The organisation proactively supports the multi-agency delivery of the Prevent duty across the county	The organisation delivers Prevent actions in isolation and good and weak practice is not shared across the county	Ensure safeguarding procedures work alongside those of the local authority and other partner agencies			
	The organisation does not effectively share information and vulnerable individuals are not given appropriate and possible support	Support the Channel project by attending and supporting multi agency Channel panel meetings where relevant			
		Internal and external procedures in place to share information about vulnerable individuals including information sharing agreements.			
The organisation has a clear understanding of the local risks related to extremism and radicalisation.	The organisation does not access available intelligence leading to a failure: a) to develop a comprehensive action plan; and, b) effectively support vulnerable individuals	The organisation works with partners to develop an understanding of the potential risk of the local area.			
		Seek involvement of local communities within Prevent and assess local impact of activity on these communities			

Outcome	Risk/Vulnerability	Action to address risk	Owner	Evidence of progress	RAG
Capabilities					
Staff (including those in contracted services) have a good understanding of Prevent and are able to recognise vulnerabilities	Vulnerable individuals will not be identified or supported and will therefore potentially be drawn further into radicalisation	Training programme including targets is planned with proportionate level of Prevent training determined for all staff groups			
		Staff attend appropriate training and training impact assessment is carried out			
		Places on WRAP 3 training are made available to partner agency staff and contractors			
Pupils develop spiritual, moral, social and cultural awareness and critical thinking in order to develop resilience and the ability critique extremist materials	Pupils do not have the critical thinking skills necessary to assess extremist promotional material and are vulnerable to radicalisation	School has a range of initiatives and activities that promote the spiritual, moral, social and emotional needs of children aimed at protecting them from radicalisation and extremist influences			
		Staff promote fundamental British values ¹ in the delivery of the curriculum and extra-curricular activities and reflected in the general conduct of the school			
		The school curriculum includes components that help develop critical thinking skills around power of influence, particularly on-line and through social media.			
Staff understand the referral process into Channel and the role that it plays	Vulnerable individuals will not be linked in with appropriate levels of support. Knowledge and data regarding risk of radicalisation in	All staff are aware of referral process; relevant information on Prevent duty and key personnel are readily accessible			
		The organisation monitors and reviews the number of referrals being initiated. This information is used to inform risk assessment process and subsequent actions			

	Norfolk will not be monitored				
Outcome	Risk/Vulnerability	Action to address risk	Owner	Evidence of progress	RAG
Resources					
The organisation's venues and resources do not provide a platform for extremists and are not used to disseminate extremist views	Online radicalisation, which can include accessing inflammatory material or online grooming, is an ever increasing danger and can affect even the most remote rural areas	Ensure that IT equipment owned by the organisation is covered by appropriate security software and firewalls to limit access to extremist material			
		IT policies are in place to ensure that students and staff are protected from terrorist related content			
		Internet safety awareness training /resources are accessible for staff pupils and carers			
	The use of the organisation's venues as a platform for extremists may be viewed as the expressed views being sanctioned by the organisation	Ensure compliance with the Equality Act 2010 so that buildings and spaces that they are responsible for are not used inappropriately			
There is an effective policy/framework in place for managing visiting speakers					

¹ Fundamental British values include democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs. * Status Please assess by assigning as Red / Amber / Green:

Red: Significant issues identified; corrective action needed; **Amber:** Underway, but problem or delay identified; being dealt with;

Green: On track, no significant problem